Title Demonstrate knowledge of the coordinated incident management system (CIMS)

Level 2 Credits 2

Purpose People credited with this unit standard are able to: describe the role and purpose of CIMS; and demonstrate knowledge of the elements, terminology, and structure of CIMS; and of the incident control procedures in CIMS operating environments.

Classification Community and Workplace Fire and Emergency Management > Workplace Emergency Risk Management

Available grade Achieved

Explanatory notes

1 Primary references for this unit standard are approved training resources endorsed by the National Joint Agency CIMS Steering Committee. These references are available from the Fire and Rescue Services Industry Training Organisation, PO Box 11988, Wellington 6142.

2 Definitions
   An incident is a disruption, accidentally or deliberately caused, which requires a response from one or more agency.
   An event is an incident or a planned activity that occurs in a particular place during a particular interval of time.
   An emergency is an event, actual or imminent, which endangers or threatens to endanger life, property, or the environment, and which requires a significant and coordinated response.
   Agency procedures refer to written agency requirements for responding to, and taking action at, emergencies.
   The coordinated incident management system (CIMS) is a structure established to systematically manage emergency incidents.

Outcomes and evidence requirements

Outcome 1

Describe the role and purpose of CIMS.

Evidence requirements

1.1 Key components of emergency management are identified in accordance with CIMS framework.
1.2 Agency roles are identified in terms of CIMS structure.

Range any five agencies from – ambulance service, Ministry of Civil Defence & Emergency Management, the Department of Conservation, district health board, fire service, local government, Maritime New Zealand, New Zealand Customs Service, Ministry of Fisheries, Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, Ministry of Health, New Zealand Defence Force, Police, primary health organisation, Rural Fire Authority.

1.3 Identification of events where CIMS is used to improve performance of participating emergency services is made in accordance with primary references.

Range natural event, planned event.

Outcome 2

Demonstrate knowledge of the elements, terminology, and structure of CIMS.

Evidence requirements

2.1 The elements of CIMS are identified in terms of primary references and agency procedures.

Range modular organisation, integrated communications, incident action plans, span of control, incident facilities, resource management.

2.2 Common emergency management terms are defined in the operation of CIMS in accordance with primary references.

Range assembly area, control and command, emergency operations centre, incident control point, helibase or helipad, incident action plan, incident management team, inner cordon, lead agency, outer cordon, safe forward point, situation report, staging area, support agency, triage area.

2.3 The structure of CIMS is described in accordance with primary references.

Range incident control, planning/intelligence, logistics, operations.

Outcome 3

Demonstrate knowledge of incident control procedures in CIMS operating environments.

Evidence requirements

3.1 CIMS incident control structure is used to identify key operational positions in accordance with primary references.

Range incident controller, logistics manager, operations manager, planning/intelligence manager, response coordinator.
3.2 Basic theory of command, control, and coordination in CIMS is explained in accordance with primary references.

Range lead agency, single agency command, support agency, bringing together agency resources.

| Planned review date | 31 December 2012 |

### Status information and last date for assessment for superseded versions

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### Accreditation and Moderation Action Plan (AMAP) reference

0039


### Please note

Providers must be granted consent to assess against standards (accredited) by NZQA, or an inter-institutional body with delegated authority for quality assurance, before they can report credits from assessment against unit standards or deliver courses of study leading to that assessment.

Industry Training Organisations must be granted consent to assess against standards by NZQA before they can register credits from assessment against unit standards.

Providers and Industry Training Organisations, which have been granted consent and which are assessing against unit standards must engage with the moderation system that applies to those standards.

Consent requirements and an outline of the moderation system that applies to this standard are outlined in the Accreditation and Moderation Action Plan (AMAP). The AMAP also includes useful information about special requirements for organisations wishing to develop education and training programmes, such as minimum qualifications for tutors and assessors, and special resource requirements.

### Comments on this unit standard

Please contact the Fire and Rescue Services Industry Training Organisation [info@frsito.org.nz](mailto:info@frsito.org.nz) if you wish to suggest changes to the content of this unit standard.